

# C1206H472J3GACTU

Aliases (C1206H472J3GAC7800)

**General Information** 

SMD Indust COG HT200C, Ceramic, 4,700 pF, 5%, 25 VDC, COG, SMD, MLCC, High Temperature, Ultra-Stable, Low Loss, 1206, 1.5 mm



Series	SMD Indust COG HT200C
Style	SMD Chip
Description	SMD, MLCC, High Temperature, Ultra-Stable, Low Loss
Features	High Temp, Ultra-Stable, Low Loss
RoHS	Yes
Termination	Tin
Marking	No
AEC-Q200	No
Typical Component Weight	20 mg
Shelf Life	78 Weeks
MSL	1

Dimensions	
Chip Size	1206
L	3.2mm +/-0.2mm
W	1.6mm +/-0.2mm
Т	0.9mm +/-0.10mm
S	1.5mm MIN
В	0.5mm +/-0.25mm

L	3.2mm +/-0.2mm	Measurement Condition	I KHZ I.UVrms
W	1.6mm +/-0.2mm	Tolerance	5%
T	0.9mm +/-0.10mm	Voltage DC	25 VDC
S	1.5mm MIN	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	62.5 VDC
В	0.5mm +/-0.25mm	Temperature Range	-55/+200°C
		Temp. Coefficient	COG
Packaging Specifications		Capacitance Change with	30 ppm/C, 1kHz 1.0Vrms
Packaging	T&R, 180mm, Plastic Tape	Reference to +25°C and 0 VDC Applied (TCC)	
Packaging Quantity	4000	Dissipation Factor	0.1% 1 kHz 1.0Vrms
		Aging Rate	0% Loss/Decade Hour

**Specifications** 

Capacitance

Measurement Condition	1 kHz 1.0 Vrms
Tolerance	5%
Voltage DC	25 VDC
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	62.5 VDC
Temperature Range	-55/+200°C
Temp. Coefficient	COG
Capacitance Change with Reference to +25°C and 0 VDC Applied (TCC)	30 ppm/C, 1kHz 1.0Vrms
Dissipation Factor	0.1% 1 kHz 1.0Vrms
Aging Rate	0% Loss/Decade Hour
Insulation Resistance	100 GOhms

4,700 pF

Statements of suitability for certain applications are based on our knowledge of typical operating conditions for such applications, but are not intended to constitute - and we specifically disclaim - any warranty concerning suitability for a specific customer application or use. This Information is intended for use only by customers who have the requisite experience and capability to determine the correct products for their application. Any technical advice inferred from this Information or otherwise provided by us with reference to the use of our products is given gratis, and we assume no obligation or liability for the advice given or results obtained.

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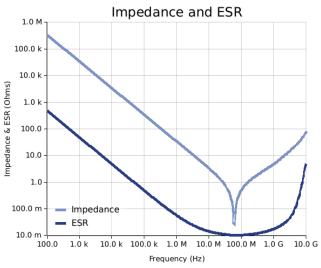


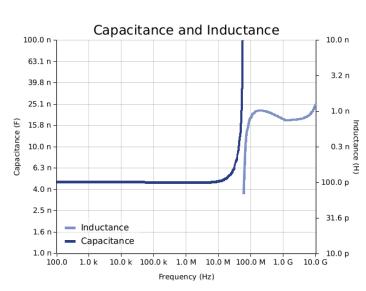
## C1206H472J3GACTU

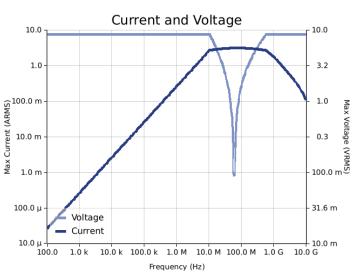
Aliases (C1206H472J3GAC7800) SMD Indust COG HT200C, Ceramic, 4,700 pF, 5%, 25 VDC, COG, SMD, MLCC, High Temperature, Ultra-Stable, Low Loss, 1206, 1.5 mm

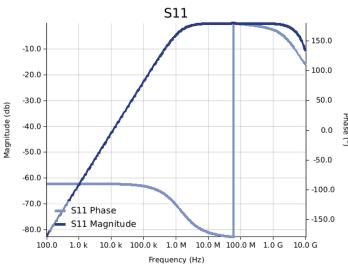
### **Simulations**

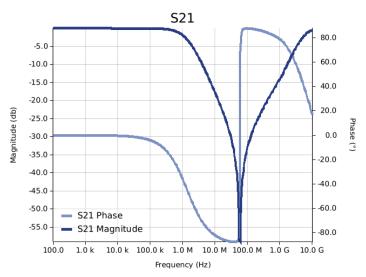
For the complete simulation environment please visit K-SIM.











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### C1206H472J3GACTU

Aliases (C1206H472J3GAC7800) SMD Indust COG HT200C, Ceramic, 4,700 pF, 5%, 25 VDC, COG, SMD, MLCC, High Temperature, Ultra-Stable, Low Loss, 1206, 1.5 mm

#### These are simulations.

This is not a specification!

The responses shown represent the typical response for each part type. Specific responses may vary, depending on manufacturing variation affects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.

The responses shown do not represent a specified or implied maximum capability of the device for all applications.

- The ESR used for ripple "Ripple Current/Voltage vs. Frequency" plots is the ESR at ambient temperature.

- The ESR used for ripple Ripple Currenty votage vs. rrequency plots is unleast at an interact temperature.
  The ESR in the "Temperature Rise vs. Ripple Current" plots is adjusted to each incremental temperature rise before the power and ripple current is calculated.
  The effects shown herein are based on measured data from a multiple part sample of the parts in question.
  Ripple capability of this device will be factored by thermal resistance (Rth) created by circuit traces (addi affects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.
  The peak voltages generated in the "Temperature Rise vs. Combined Ripple Currents" plot are calculated for each frequency and are not combined with voltages
- generated at any other harmonics.

   Please consult with the catalog or field applications engineer for maximum capability of the device in specific applications.

All product information and data (collectively, the "Information") are subject to change without notice.

KEMET K-SIM is designed to simulate behavior of components with respect to frequency, ambient temperature, and DC bias levels. The responses shown represent the typical response for each part type. Specific responses may vary, depending on manufacturing variation effects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.

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If you have any questions please contact K-SIM.

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